

Self-Assembly of Magnetic Nanoplatelets in Ferroelectric Nematic Host

H. Nádasi¹, A. Jarosik¹, P. Salamon², T. Ott³, F. Giesselmann³, D. Lisjak⁴, A. Eremin^{1*}

¹ Department of Nonlinear Phenomena, Institute of Physics, Otto von Guericke University, Magdeburg 39106, Germany
HUN-REN Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary
Institute of Physical Chemistry, University of Stuttgart, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany
Jožef Stefan Institute, Jamova cesta 39, Ljubljana SL-1000, Slovenia

* Author for Correspondence: alexey.eremin@ovgu.de

Magnetic nanoparticles dispersed in liquid crystals interact through the elastic forces of the surrounding medium and often organise into rich, responsive structures. In nematic hosts, these director-mediated interactions can promote collective magnetic order and dramatically enhance magneto-optical effects, even at low particle concentrations. In the case of magnetic nanoplatelets, spontaneous magnetic order can emerge, resulting in a liquid magnet state [1,2].

In this study, we explore how the breaking of polar symmetry in a ferroelectric nematic phase transforms the self-assembly and defect topology of such magnetic suspensions. Using a combination of X-ray scattering, magneto-optical imaging, and rheological measurements, we compare conventional and ferroelectric nematic hybrids.

We find that polarisation–director coupling strongly modifies the particle anchoring conditions, stabilises magnetically responsive defect networks, and drives a qualitatively different self-assembly compared to non-polar nematics. This coupling enables control of the hybrid structure and response via external magnetic fields, opening a route toward functional multiferroic soft matter.

References

- [1] A. Mertelj, D. Lisjak, M. Drofenik, M. Čopič, *Nature*, **504**, 237–241 (2013).
- [2] H. Nádasi, P.M. Rupnik, M. Küster, A. Jarosik, R. Tuffin, M. Bremer, M. Klasen-Memmer, D. Lisjak, N. Sebastián, A. Mertelj, F. Ludwig, A. Eremin, *Adv.Mater.* e08406, (2025).

Acknowledgments

This work was supported by DFG with projects ER 467/8-3 and NA1668/1-3.

